

SALT LAKE DAILY HERALD

TUESDAY MORNING, AUG. 31, 1880.

THE DAILY HERALD is published every morning, Mondays excepted, at Salt Lake City, by the Herald Printing and Publishing Company. Subscription price \$10.00 per annum, postage included; or \$2.00 a year, six months, \$1.00, postage included. THE WEEKLY HERALD is published every Thursday morning, at \$2.00 a year, six months, \$1.00, postage included. Postage outside the U. S. and Canada, extra.

THE UNITED STATES has money to the amount of \$25.41 per capita of its population—\$14.57 in paper and \$10.74 in specie. Most of the leading countries of the world are ahead of us in this respect as follows: France, \$44.00 per capita; Belgium, \$43.55; Netherlands, \$42.24; Switzerland, \$42.03; Great Britain, \$39.11; Australia, \$37.54. The following are below the United States in the matter of circulation per capita: Germany, \$15.75; Japan, \$14.41; Austria, \$10.98; Canada, \$10.92; Russia, \$8.08; Italy, \$6.42; Mexico, \$5.55; Japan, \$5.43.

THE DEMOCRATIC candidate for vice President, W. H. English, proposes to take care of Indians in a financial way. He will tap his barrel sufficiently to make that doubtful state certain, and will not call for outside contributions; but he doesn't want to be appealed to on behalf of other states. The republicans have been asserting that English was stinky, and would give little or nothing to the campaign fund. When they get the returns from Indiana they will probably learn that Mr. English has put just enough money where it would do the most good. With Indiana safe the election is safe.

THE CHINESE in New York are fortunate in having the judge who presides in the Essex Market Police Court, that city, and that same justice is fortunate in not holding a similar office in San Francisco. A telegram in this morning's HERALD will explain. "A respectable" young Gottamite was before the justice to answer the charge of throwing stones at a Chinaman, when the young man's lawyer adopted the plan of defense so potent in the California court, namely that the Chinese were falsifiers, and therefore not entitled to credit or justice. The judge promptly checked the petting, informing him that: "This is not San Francisco. A Chinaman in New York will be protected by me every time." That kind of talk in the Pacific Coast metropolis would secure for the judge a trailing over the Sand Loos, if it did not bring more violent treatment; but the justice was right, nevertheless.

IT APPEARS from a telegram in this issue of the HERALD, that democrats have given up hope of carrying Maine in the coming election, the fusionists, or opposition to the republicans, being in the minority. It is asserted that the democratic orators from other states are leaving, giving the work wholly into the hands of the local speakers. It will not be forgotten that this telegram is sent out by the Associated Press, which is as strongly republican as any partisan newspaper that can be named. It is not probable that the democrats would surrender so easily a promising state like Maine. Last year the republicans cast only 49.71 per cent. of the state vote, being 492 short of the combined votes of the national and democratic parties. In 1878 the republicans had but 44.91 per cent. of the state vote. It is therefore unlikely that the greenbackers and democrats will yield without a struggle to the common enemy. The election occurs on Monday, September 13th, two weeks from yesterday.

THE DEATH of Oursay, the Union chief, is peculiarly timely, and is likely to prove a serious occurrence to both Indians and whites. Oursay was a good deal of a humbug, but he had a wonderful influence over the Utes, and he used that influence for good. He was a friend to the whites, and especially so to the government, and for his kind offices in trying to keep peace, he has long been a pensioner on the nation. Since the Meeker massacre Oursay's services have been in demand by the government, and his councils have ever been sound, if they were against his own race and in favor of the whites. It was due to his exertions that something like an amicable arrangement with the Utes was about to be settled, whereby the Indians were to give up their present large reservation, and retire to smaller and less valuable ones in the surrounding territories. We will give the wily old chief credit for honest ability and foresight rather than self-interest and keavery, in his endeavors to induce his countrymen to barter away their heritage. He was probably shrewd enough to see that the Utes must go, no matter what, and also that it would be better for them to go without a struggle, making the best terms that were possible. As his followers are more Indian and less white in their natures than he, it is doubtful if the treaty providing for their peaceable departure, which he was inducing them to sign, will now be adopted. The Utes will, in all probability, accept the terms proposed only after a fight and a flogging. Hence Oursay's death is a loss to his nation more than to the whites. Some skirmishes with the Utes may be expected in Colorado this fall, as the whites are determined to invade the reservation, treaty or no treaty. They have only been kept back by the promise that the reservation would soon be thrown open to settlement, and when they discover that this is not likely to be done for some time, there will be a rush for the rich Indian lands, when Mr. Schurz will have his hands full in protecting his Utes.

IN THE American Economist, of the 21st, a little commercial paper recently established in Chicago, appears a full page advertisement of the Ogden Gold Mining Company. The notice is made attractive by a cut representing a range of mountains, and running along the hills are names of mines as follows: "Pritchett," "Golden Gate," "Blackwell," "Brewster," "Lanedale," "Byers," "Rogers," "Marshall," and "Dispatch," with two or three others in the shade. The text reads that the cut shows the group of mines owned by the company, and goes on to say:

These mines are each 1,000 feet in length and 600 feet in width. There are eight of them—thus making a total length of 8,000 feet—total width of 4,800 feet. They are located four miles from the city of Ogden, Utah, and are in the same range of mountains as the celebrated Emma, the Taggart, the Savage, the Montana and other noted mines in the West. The character of the ore thus developed in these mines is argenteous, and are largely composed of sulphides, especially galena and antimony, with some small quantities of copper, all carrying gold and silver. Assays of these ores have run, in some instances, as high as \$1,700 per ton. They are easily and cheaply worked at an expense of less than \$10 per ton. In the handling of the ore and products of these mines we are greatly favored by ample and convenient railroad facilities, having close connection with four important roads giving outlets to the north, west, east and south. The work of development is now going vigorously forward, under the superintendence of a practical and experienced miner.

It is further stated that a limited number of shares "of the development stock" have been placed in the hands of Chicago brokers "at the low price of 50c. per share," and the conclusion is that "this stock will undoubtedly double in value in less than three months." We would not for the world express or even feel a doubt that the "Ogden Gold Mining Company" has a big thing, with its two miles of mines, the ores of which have assayed as high as \$1,700 per ton. We might, however, suggest that the company is recklessly throwing wealth away by allowing its shares, which are so soon to double in value, to go at the miserable price of 50c. each. But after speaking so kindly of the company and its wonderful mines, we know no offense will be taken if we ask that the artist who "drew" those mountains be promptly discharged without his pay. He has villainously libeled the Wasatch range, and the way he has plastered on those mining notices is an abomination in the sight of the prospector. It will never do to have the proud old mountains scandalized in this fashion, even if they have an argenteous ledge running regularly about two rods from their base for a distance of over two miles.

BEN. BUTLER, in going into the campaign for the support of Hancock and English, takes the timely precaution against a handicap. He announces that he is not a candidate for any office, elective or appointive, at this election, nor will he be under the next administration. Thus no one can charge that he is after the leaves and fishes. What he does will be done because he believes it to be right, and his only hope of reward lies in the success of the party and principles which he supports. It is worthy of note that the republican papers are roundly abusing General Butler, and pretend to see in his advocacy of the election of Hancock an element of injury to the latter. Hancock would like it better if he had more of that same kind of injurious element, and the republicans would hate it more. No one man in Massachusetts has more influence with the voters of that state than Ben. Butler, and his honest support can do no cause harm. The republicans who took so much pride in Butler a few years ago should sing low now, for whatever mean things he is guilty of were perpetrated while he was a bloody shirt republican.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Another Committee Wanted. San Francisco, 30.—The board of supervisors this evening passed resolutions tending the freedom of the city to President Hayes and appointed a committee to prepare for his reception.

Compromise Talk. New York, 30.—Irving Hall, this afternoon, sent to Tammany Hall a series of resolutions looking to and proposing a conference to adjust the differences existing. The communication was responded to by Tammany, who appointed a committee of eleven to confer with a similar one from Irving Hall on Wednesday evening.

A Victim's Suicide—An Incestuous Brute. Atlanta, Ga., 30.—Harry L. Campbell, the victim of a mock marriage which caused her ruin, suicided, to day, by taking twenty grains of morphine.

Milton Terrell outraged his 14-year-old daughter Saturday night, and to-day is in the hands of the law. His preliminary trial will be held to-morrow.

The "Marine City" Disaster. Detroit, 30.—Captain Comer of the burned steamer Marine City, telegraphed that, as near as he can ascertain six passengers and two of the crew were lost. The names of the crew men are Richard Seibelt and James Cook. The names of the missing passengers are yet unknown, except that the man washed ashore at Sturgeon Point, with the cuff buttons marked "Watson." There is little doubt that this is Martin T. Watson, druggist of this city.

The Gold Coinage. Chicago, 30.—Inter-Ocean's Washington: The gold that is being sent to the mint from New York will probably not be coined for some time to any great extent, owing to the fact that there is so little demand for it. It is assayed and United States coin is paid for it for the present. Most of it will be simply stored. Eventually all this foreign coin now arriving will be melted and recoined into eagles and half eagles. The most that is being done at Philadelphia is to make standard dollars. The amount of gold coined monthly is greater than that of silver, but the number of pieces is very much less.

FOREIGN.

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London, 30.—In the House of Commons, this evening, the Marquis of Hartington, secretary for India, announced that he had a message from General Roberts, dated Khilki, 23d, stating he would start on the 24th, and by easy stages expected to be twenty miles from Goudahar on the 25th. The troops are in good health and the country is quiet.

In the House of Lords this evening Earl Granville, foreign secretary, and the Powers are considering their rejoinder to the Porte's last note about Montenegro. Meanwhile they have ordered no men-of-war to rendezvous at Ragusa. The powers, he said, have informed the Porte of the decision of the Berlin conference on the Greek question that it cannot be reopened, and have also presented a note to the Porte urging reforms in Armenia.

Madrid, 30.—The floods greatly damaged the houses and lands in Boudajara, Alcala, Calatayud, Almazara, Gredos, Tercos, Oza, and Calatayud. No loss of life reported.

London, 30.—The Mark Lane Express says three weeks fine weather has produced the most abundant grain crops, and greatly forwarded harvest operations.

General Roberts, in his message to Lord Hartington, says he arrived at Khilki on the 23d. He had abundant supplies, and could make the forage last until the 1st of September. He would rest on the 24th and start on the 25th, and hoped to telegraph from Goudahar by the 26th. He had left Goudahar on the 24th, and had marched 136 miles in eight days. The march had been unopposed, and he had obtained plenty of supplies and forage, and cavalry and artillery were in good order. During the march one British soldier, four sepoy and six camp followers died; three sepoy and five followers were missing, and it was feared they had been murdered.

Cape Town, 30.—Hon. Mr. Sprigg, premier of the Cape ministry, telegraphs from Basutoland: "I have traveled through the disturbed district without escort, and have had an interview with Letser, the principal chief. He has announced his chiefs and head men to meet next week, when matters will be brought to an issue. The excitement has subsided."

Rome, 30.—The Pope has assented to the proposal that a portion of the French Jesuits should form a society for the propagation of the faith in Central Africa.

Philippopolis, 30.—It is declared in well informed circles that the announcement of the conclusion of an offensive and defensive alliance between Serbia and Bulgaria is unfounded.

Madrid, 30.—On the occasion of the expected birth of an heir to the throne, governments will grant amnesty to the Cuban insurgent leaders now imprisoned in Spain.

Constantinople, 30.—The European powers will not persuade Turkey to participate in the proposed demonstrations.

DOMESTIC.

Philadelphia, 30.—The republicans of the Thirtieth District endorse all greenback nominees, including Chas. N. Brumm, for Congress.

Pottsville, Pa., 30.—Thomas Scott and Mrs. Helmer, while on their way to the track near Mount Clearview, were killed by the express train.

New York, 30.—A cold storm prevailed to day, and little or nothing was done at the wharves.

Albany, N. Y., 30.—General Jas. H. Williams nominated for Congress by Mahone readjusters.

Chicago, 30.—Worcesters, 7; Chicago, 4.

Cincinnati, 30.—Hon. John Sherman, secretary of the treasury, delivered his first speech in the campaign at Pike's Opera House to-night. Mayor A. T. Goshorn presided. The opera house was profusely and most tastefully decorated with flags and flowers, and was crowded with people. The secretary had an enthusiastic greeting.

Columbus, O., 30.—A special to the State Journal states that the new hotel recently built at Penn. Perry County, was destroyed by fire yesterday. The fire was the work of an incendiary, the floors being saturated with kerosene. The hotel was owned by the Ohio Coal and Oil Company, the owners of the coal mines at which a strike recently occurred. The building was fully insured in various companies.

Long Branch, 30.—Washington McClellan's condition has greatly improved.

Washington, 30.—The interior department has slight hopes that Oursay is not dead after all as he has received no confirmation to-day.

Superior, Ariz., 30.—Hill said, to-day, that the unexpected balance, some \$6,000 or \$7,000 of the \$20,000 appropriated last session for the construction of the additional silver vaults containing the erection of a vault in the Philadelphia, and a vault in the San Francisco mint, would be applied to the construction of a third at some other point, perhaps at the New York sub-treasury.

Washington, 30.—An appeal has been filed in the district supreme court by ex-Senator Thos. L. Clingman, of Asheville, N. C., against the decision of the commissioner of patents, refusing him a patent for an improvement in the electric light.

Murdered. Denver, 30.—Joe Bennett, of Troy New York, fireman, was shot on the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad, was shot and killed this evening at San Antonio station, by a party of drunken men. While Bennett was standing in the cab they opened fire and about thirty shots were fired. Captain Spooner, Jas. Oatson and Jas. Nichols were arrested and are now in jail at Corral. The railroad men have organized for protection and lynching is feared.

Denver, 30.—A Tribune special says: John Mallin, of Silver, married a daughter of Moccasin Bill last Wednesday, and was shot from the back and instantly killed yesterday. No clue to the murderer.

The Wheat Crop. Chicago, 30.—Careful examination of the condition of the wheat crop in the great wheat belt on the line of the Northern Pacific Railroad has been made for the Associated Press and it can be stated that the reports of its being in danger in consequence of the wet weather are unwarranted. The late spring delayed the seeding and harvest fully two weeks, and the last week of cloudy weather along the line has interfered with thrashing, but the crop is safe and with favorable weather will commence moving largely this week, fully three weeks later, however, than last year.

E. N. FRESHMAN & BROS. Advertising Agents, 186 W. Fourth St., CINCINNATI, Ohio. Are authorized to receive advertisements. Estimates for space free upon application. Send two cents for "Advertiser's Manual."

Forest Culture.

FOREST CULTURE.

Bozzen, 30.—The American association for the advancement of science met in general session to-day. A number of new members were elected and Cincinnati selected as the place for the next meeting. The committee to memorialize Congress and state legislatures regarding the cultivation of timber, recommended a law protecting trees planted along highways, and encouraging such plantations by relieving them from highway taxes and exempting from taxation the increased value of land from the planting of trees where none were growing, for a period that may be designated, or until profit may be realized from the planting; also by appropriation of money to agricultural and horticultural societies, to be applied as a premium for their planting and prices for the best essays and reports on the subject of practical forest culture; by encouraging educational institutions to introduce a course of instruction in reference to practical agriculture; by imposing penalties against the willful or careless starting of fires, and by enlarging and defining the powers of the local officers in calling for assistance and in adopting measures for suppressing them; by establishing, under favorable circumstances, model plantations; by the appointment of a commissioner of forestry under state authority.

The Summer Sun Defied. As a defense against innumerable blizzards caused by dust, heat and exposure to the wind and sun, "HILL'S INSTANTANEOUS HAIR DYE" will be found in the highest degree useful. It is not only a beautifier of the skin, but a means of fortifying it against wind and weather. It seems to quicken the superficial circulation and brings a rosy tint to the surface. All its ingredients are of a healthful character, and it may be used without fear by those who have wisely discarded the dangerous metallic compounds which have been denounced by the scientific world. Beware of counterfeits. See that "O. N. CHITRESON, Proprietor," is printed on each packet, without which none is genuine. Sold by druggists at 25 cents, three cakes 50 cents. It resembles in purity and efficiency "HILL'S INSTANTANEOUS HAIR DYE," which is universally found on the Toilet of Beauty and Fashion.

GOOD ADVICE.—USE HALL'S HONEY OR HONEYED AND TAR FOR COUGH OR COLD.

SAVE YOUR BOOKS by getting them bound. Try the HERALD Bindery.

You Have No Excuse. Have you any excuse for suffering with Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint? Is there any reason why you should go on from day to day complaining with Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Habitual Constipation, Palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Grawing and Burning Pains at the pit of the Stomach, Yellow Skin, coated Tongue and Diarrhoea? Taste in the Mouth, Coming Up Food after eating, Low Spirits, etc.? No! It is positively your own fault if you do. Go to your Druggist and get a Bottle of GARDNER'S AUGUST FLOWER.

For 75 cents your cure is certain, but if you doubt this, get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it. Two doses will relieve you. au15

A FULL SUPPLY OF SODA SPRINGS WATER, FROM THE HOOPER AND HART SPRINGS.

Drawn from the SODA FOUNTAIN or Bottle, with or without flavoring, spirituous or otherwise.

Three Tickets for 25c. GEORGE A. MEARS, Opposite Postoffice.

Dissolution of Partnership. THE FIRM OF YOUNG, MARKS & YOUNG, in this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Stephen E. Marks and Mr. F. L. Young retaining the senior partner, Mr. A. D. Young, with the business at the same stand, 25 and 26 Main Street. All liabilities of the late firm will be assumed by Mr. A. D. Young, and all debts due the late firm are made payable to him.

A. D. YOUNG, STEPHEN E. MARKS, F. L. YOUNG, Salt Lake City, August 26th, 1880.

We have this day sold our entire interest under the firm name of Young, Marks & Young to the senior partner, Mr. A. D. Young, who continues the business under his own name, at the same location, 25 and 26 Main Street. We have no liability in the matter, and have no claim against Mr. Young, and have no intention in pledging our guarantee that he will execute the same. S. E. MARKS, F. L. YOUNG, Salt Lake City, August 26th, 1880.

FARMERS AND GARDENERS SEEDS. Will do well to see the New Stock of Grass and Garden SEEDS. Just Arrived at T. C. Armstrong's Grain and Feed Store, 34 First South St. Box 340.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO. Newspaper Advertising Bureau.

For Ten Cents—One hundred paged Pamphlet with Lists of Newspapers and Advertising Rates.

For Ten Dollars—Four lines inserted One Week in Three Hundred and Fifty Newspapers.

10 Spruce St., N. Y.

H. J. RICHARDS, Surgeon and Physician.

Office at the Drug Store of H. J. Richards & Co., 18 East Temple Street.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

PERSONS HAVING SUBSCRIBED for the following Serial Books, and not having their Numbers complete, can obtain them by addressing us or calling at our office: History of Our Country. Spencer's History of the United States. History of the World. Shakespeare Illustrated Works. Portrait Gallery of Eminent Men and Women. Art Treasures of England. Popular Educator. Byron and Moore Gallery, etc. C. W. ROBINSON & CO. 139 Main Street, up stairs. Salt Lake City. au22

"NE VILE FANO"

Is the motto of the

"THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE UTAH Western Railway Company.—Notice is hereby given that the Trustees for the Mortgage Bondholders of the Utah Western Railway Company have taken proceedings to foreclose the mortgage. An agreement to bid in the property for the bondholders and appoint a trustee for that purpose has been signed by a large majority of the bondholders. Those who have not yet signed the agreement can do so by applying at the office of the Utah Trust Company of New York, at No. 73 Broadway, New York City. Bondholders will please deposit their bonds with said Trust Company, to be used by the Trustee in the purchase of the property of said Railroad company, in conformity to the above-named agreement, and receive Deposit Receipts, transferable by endorsement, signed by said Trust Company. Depositors will be requested for convenience of the Trust Company to leave their bonds for examination, etc., and receive their certificates the following day. E. F. HESBOP, E. M. BARKER, Trustees of Mortgage of Utah Western Railway Co. New York, July 28, A. D. 1880.

THE HOLDERS OF BONDS IN SALT LAKE CITY who have not signed the above-named agreement can do so by applying at the office of Williams & Young. au13

NOTICE. A GENERAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of Zion's Cooperative Mercantile Institution will be held in the Council House, in this city, on Tuesday, October 6th, 1880, at 2 p. m., for the Election of Officers and Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Stock transfer books will be closed on the 1st of September and reopened on the 8th of October next. THOS. G. WEBBER, Secretary and Treasurer. Salt Lake City, August 27th, 1880. au17

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To Make Room for FALL PURCHASES, we now offer Bargains in Lawns, Prints, Grenadines, and all classes of Summer Goods.

Z. C. M. I.

H. N. KLDREDGE, Supr.

F. AUERBACH & BRO.

GENUINE

REMOVAL SALE

IS PROVING QUITE A SUCCESS.

We Advertise only what we Intend to Fulfill

As the time for our Removal to our Three-story Brick Building,

Nos. 124 and 126,

is drawing near, we offer still

FURTHER REDUCTIONS

Choice Prints, 12, 14 or 16 yards for \$1.
Choice Lawns, 12 yards for \$1.
Cheviots, 6, 7 or 8 yards for \$1.
Russet Dress Goods, 12 yards for \$1.
Black Grenadines, 15c, 25c and 50c. per yard.
Do. 2 yds. wide, 60c. per yard.
Linen Lawn, 15c, 20c, and 25c. per yard.
Spring and Summer Dress Goods, 30c, 35c, 50c, 60c, 70c, 80c, 90c, 1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00, 6.50, 7.00, 7.50, 8.00, 8.50, 9.00, 9.50, 10.00, 10.50, 11.00, 11.50, 12.00, 12.50, 13.00, 13.50, 14.00, 14.50, 15.00, 15.50, 16.00, 16.50, 17.00, 17.50, 18.00, 18.50, 19.00, 19.50, 20.00, 20.50, 21.00, 21.50, 22.00, 22.50, 23.00, 23.50, 24.00, 24.50, 25.00, 25.50, 26.00, 26.50, 27.00, 27.50, 28.00, 28.50, 29.00, 29.50, 30.00, 30.50, 31.00, 31.50, 32.00, 32.50, 33.00, 33.50, 34.00, 34.50, 35.00, 35.50, 36.00, 36.50, 37.00, 37.50, 38.00, 38.50, 39.00, 39.50, 40.00, 40.50, 41.00, 41.50, 42.00, 42.50, 43.00, 43.50, 44.00, 44.50, 45.00, 45.50, 46.00, 46.50, 47.00, 47.50, 48.00, 48.50, 49.00, 49.50, 50.00, 50.50, 51.00, 51.50, 52.00, 52.50, 53.00, 53.50, 54.00, 54.50, 55.00, 55.50, 56.00, 56.50, 57.00, 57.50, 58.00, 58.50, 59.00, 59.50, 60.00, 60.50, 61.00, 61.50, 62.00, 62.50, 63.00, 63.50, 64.00, 64.50, 65.00, 65.50, 66.00, 66.50, 67.00, 67.50, 68.00, 68.50, 69.00, 69.50, 70.00, 70.50, 71.00, 71.50, 72.00, 72.50, 73.00, 73.50, 74.00, 74.50, 75.00, 75.50, 76.00, 76.50, 77.00, 77.50, 78.00, 78.50, 79.00, 79.50, 80.00, 80.50, 81.00, 81